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World Population Data Sheet of the Population Reference Bureau, Inc.

Demographic data and estimates for the countries and regions of the world

25th Anniversary Edition

PRB

Notes

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NOTES

The *Data Sheet* lists all countries and geopolitical entities with populations of 150,000 or more and all members of the UN. **More developed regions,** following the UN classification, comprise all of Europe and North America, plus Australia, Japan, New Zealand, and the USSR. All other regions and countries are classified as **less developed.**

World and Regional totals: Regional population totals are independently rounded and include small countries not listed separately. Regional and world rates and percentages are weighted averages of countries for which data or estimates are available. *World Population Data Sheets* of previous years should **not be used as a time series.** Fluctuations in values from year to year often reflect revisions based upon new data or estimates rather than actual changes. Additional information on likely trends can be obtained from PRB and consistent time series are available in UN, World Bank, U.S. Census Bureau estimates and projections, and other country and regional sources.

SOURCES

The rates and data come primarily from the following sources: *United Nations Demographic Yearbook, 1985* (forthcoming) and *Population and Vital Statistics Report, Data Available as of 1 January 1987* of the UN Statistical Office; *World Population Prospects, Estimates and Projections as Assessed in 1984* of the UN Population Division; *World Population Profile: 1985* and unpublished estimates and projections of the Center for International Research of the U.S. Bureau of the Census; and estimates and projections of the World Bank. Other sources include official country statistical bulletins and yearbooks, demographic surveys, special studies, and direct communication with demographers and statistical bureaus in the U.S. and abroad. Please contact PRB for information on a specific source.

For countries with data considered complete, the infant mortality rate is shown, as reported, to one decimal place; this is generally a good indication of overall data quality. For developed countries, nearly all vital rates refer to 1985 and, for less developed countries, for some point since 1980.

DEFINITION OF TERMS

Mid-1987 Population: Estimates based upon a recent census or on UN, U.S. Census Bureau, or official country publications. Where possible, the effects of refugee populations and large numbers of foreign workers are taken into account.

Crude Birth and Death Rate: Annual number of births and deaths per 1,000 population. These rates, particularly the crude death rate, are affected by a population's age structure. Hence, a developed country with a relatively high proportion of persons over age 65 will often have a higher crude death rate than a less developed country with lower life expectancy.

Rate of Natural Increase (RNI): Birth rate minus the death rate, implying the annual rate of population growth without regard for migration.

Population "Doubling Time": The number of years to double a population assuming a constant rate of natural increase. Based upon the unrounded RNI, this column provides an indication of potential growth associated with a given RNI. It is not intended to forecast the actual doubling of any population.

Population in 2000 and 2020: Projected populations based upon reasonable assumptions about the future course of fertility, mortality, and migration. For developed countries with total fertility rates below 2.1 children per woman, projections are PRB or official country projections which assume continued fertility at or near the present level.

Infant Mortality Rate: The annual number of deaths to children under age one per 1,000 live births in a given year. Rates shown with decimals are registered national statistics from countries with complete data, while those without are estimates.

Total Fertility Rate (TFR): The average number of children a woman will bear assuming that current age-specific birth rates will remain constant throughout her childbearing years (assumed to be 15-49 in most countries). Depending upon mortality levels, a TFR of 2.1 to 2.5 is considered "replacement" level. At this level a population will eventually cease growing.

Population Under Age 15/Age 65+: The percent of the population under age 15 and over age 64, i.e., the "dependent ages."

Life Expectancy at Birth: The average number of years a newborn infant can expect to live under current mortality conditions.

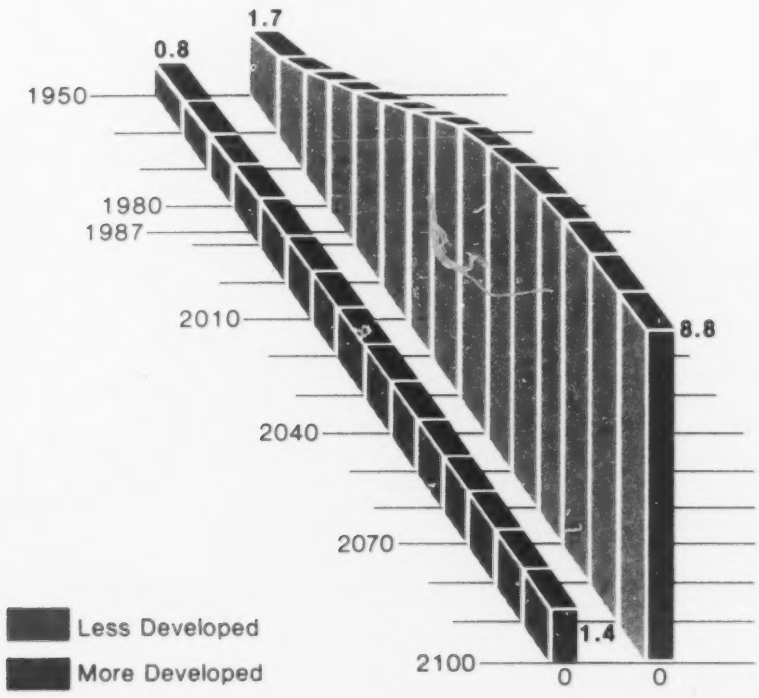
Urban Population: Percent of the total population living in areas defined as "urban" by that country.

Percent of Population with Access to Safe Water Supply: This indicator of the availability of a vital health resource is taken from estimates published by UNICEF.

Energy Use Per Capita: Domestic production plus net imports, minus net stock increase, minus aircraft and marine bunkers of commercially traded fuels (bituminous coal, lignite, peat, directly burned oil shale, crude petroleum, and natural gas). Fuelwood, bagasse, charcoal, and solar energy are excluded. A gigajoule is equivalent to 0.163 "UN standard" barrels of oil. Data are from the UN and published in *World Resources, 1987 (*forthcoming) of the World Resources Institute.

Per Capita GNP: Gross National Product includes the value of all domestic and foreign output. Per capita estimates are from the *World Bank Atlas, 1987,* except for the USSR, which is for 1984 and is from *U.S. State Department Background Notes.*

world population: the halfway point?



This year marks the occurrence of two "benchmark" events. 1987 is the 25th year of publication for PRB's *World Population Data Sheet,* which began as a "crib sheet" for PRB reference librarians who found themselves frequently answering telephone calls on population. Today, after several redesigns, its worldwide circulation has risen to several hundred thousand and it has been translated into several different languages.

1987 will also see another event — the passing of the 5 billion mark in world population. This would be the fourth such event in this century, which began with about 1.6 billion people. And it will not be the last — reaching 6 billion will likely occur before 2000, perhaps in 1998. Today, there are a number of major population issues facing the world, some new, some not.

- Current United Nations "medium" projections indicate that world population size will stabilize at about 10 billion in the next century. If so, population growth has now reached its halfway point. But projections must rest upon assumptions. The 10 billion projection assumes that women worldwide will average about two children each by 2035. What if they do not?

- Future world population size results from the sum experience of many countries, each with a unique blend of social, cultural, and economic settings. Predicting their future is a difficult task. If, for example, African women average about two children each by 2030, Africa's ultimate population will be 1.4 billion. If the two-child average is delayed until 2065, the ultimate figure is 4.4 billion. With similar variations in fertility assumptions, ultimate

World Bank photo by T. Sennet

Safe water: a basic prerequisite for a healthy population

world population size ranges from 7 to 14 billion. These are large differences.

- In projecting populations, we also freely assume that world mortality will improve regularly. In many less developed countries, life expectancy has risen remarkably since World War II. Today, organizations such as UNICEF do much to promote the essentials of health, providing safe drinking water and immunizing children. But can gains in life expectancy continue everywhere? Can Bangladesh expect a rise in life expectancy as the population in its small land area climbs to a projected 300 million?

- In the more developed countries, an opposite situation often exists. Low birth rates will or already have caused many of their populations to level off or even decline. How will they respond? Will they show a willingness to accept new immigrants or try to cope in other ways? Or, will decline even be perceived as a problem?

And so, in 1987, we cross the 5 billion threshold to a future with many unknowns, save for the fact that world society will continue to change. While we ponder projections and scenarios for the future, perhaps we would do well to picture our counterparts in 1887, faced with the same task. There have been, to say the least, many events they could not have foreseen. And so it will be with us.

World Population Data Sheet

Region or Country	Population Estimate mid-1987 (millions)	Crude Birth Rate	Crude Death Rate	Natural Increase (annual, %)	Population "Doubling Time" in Years (at current rate)	Population Projected to 2000 (millions)	Population Projected to 2020 (millions)	Infant Mortality Rate[a]	Total Fertility Rate[b]	%Population Under Age 15/65+	Life Expectancy at Birth (years)	Urban Population (%)	Population with Access to Safe Water Supply (%, 1983)	Energy Consumption Per Capita, 1984 (gigajoules)/ Percent Change Since 1970	Per Capita GNP, 1985 (US$)
WORLD	5,026	28	10	1.7	40	6,158	7,992	81	3.6	33/6	63	43	–	55/6	$2,880
MORE DEVELOPED	1,191	15	10	0.5	128	1,263	1,330	16	2.0	22/11	73	72	–	–/–	9,930
LESS DEVELOPED	3,836	32	11	2.1	33	4,896	6,662	90	4.2	37/4	59	34	–	–/–	660
LESS DEVELOPED (Excl. China)	2,774	36	12	2.4	29	3,696	5,301	97	4.8	40/4	57	35	51	–/–	810
AFRICA	601	44	16	2.8	24	880	1,479	113	6.3	45/3	51	30	41	12/41	710
NORTHERN AFRICA	135	39	11	2.7	25	187	279	93	5.6	42/4	58	42	73	–/–	1,150
Algeria	23.5	42	10	3.2	22	33.7	49.4	81	6.4	46/4	60	43	90	21/95	2,530
Egypt	51.9	37	11	2.6	26	71.2	103.0	93	5.3	40/4	59	46	75	19/142	680
Libya	3.8	39	9	3.0	23	5.6	8.4	90	5.6	45/3	61	76	98	111/463	7,500
Morocco	24.4	36	10	2.5	27	33.3	48.5	90	4.8	42/4	60	43	–	9/69	610
Sudan	23.5	45	16	2.8	24	33.4	55.6	112	6.5	45/3	49	20	48	2/–46	330
Tunisia	7.6	32	7	2.5	27	9.9	13.6	78	4.5	40/4	62	53	–	20/137	1,220
WESTERN AFRICA	187	46	18	2.8	25	278	480	127	6.6	45/2	48	28	34	–/–	580
Benin	4.3	51	20	3.0	23	7.1	14.2	115	7.1	49/5	45	39	20	1/–14	270
Burkina Faso	7.3	48	20	2.8	25	10.5	18.2	146	6.5	44/3	46	8	30	1/125	140
Cape Verde	0.3	35	8	2.6	26	0.5	0.7	76.5	5.1	46/6	60	27	–	6/–	430
Cote d'Ivoire	10.8	46	15	3.0	23	17.3	32.1	105	6.7	46/3	52	43	20	6/5	620
Gambia	0.8	49	28	2.1	33	1.1	1.8	169	6.4	46/3	36	21	–	3/49	230
Ghana	13.9	42	14	2.8	25	20.5	33.9	94	5.8	47/3	54	31	43	2/–55	390
Guinea	6.4	47	23	2.4	29	8.9	14.3	153	6.2	43/3	41	22	17	2/–28	320
Guinea-Bissau	0.9	41	21	2.0	35	1.2	1.8	138	5.4	44/4	44	27	33	1/–40	170
Liberia	2.4	48	16	3.2	22	3.6	6.7	127	6.9	47/3	50	40	40	10/–26	470
Mali	8.4	51	22	2.9	24	12.3	21.1	175	6.7	46/3	43	18	14	1/60	140
Mauritania	2.0	50	20	3.0	23	3.0	5.2	132	6.9	46/3	45	35	–	5/2	410
Niger	7.0	51	22	2.9	24	10.6	18.9	141	7.1	47/3	44	16	34	2/133	200
Nigeria	108.6	46	18	2.8	25	160.9	273.6	124	6.6	45/2	49	28	37	7/383	760
Senegal	7.1	46	18	2.8	24	10.6	19.7	131	6.7	46/3	45	36	44	5/32	370
Sierra Leone	3.9	47	29	1.8	38	5.4	8.9	176	6.2	41/3	35	28	23	2/–44	370
Togo	3.2	47	15	3.1	22	4.9	8.9	117	6.6	44/3	53	22	37	2/6	250
EASTERN AFRICA	179	48	18	3.0	23	273	496	117	6.9	47/3	48	16	–	–/–	250
Burundi	5.0	47	18	2.9	24	7.2	11.0	119	6.4	44/4	48	5	26	z/51	240
Comoros	0.4	47	14	3.3	21	0.7	1.3	91	7.0	47/3	52	23	–	2/–	280
Djibouti	0.3	43	18	2.5	28	0.4	0.7	132	6.5	46/3	47	74	–	8/34	–
Ethiopia	46.0	46	23	2.3	30	66.5	111.2	152	6.7	46/4	41	10	–	z/–34	110
Kenya	22.4	52	13	3.9	18	38.3	79.2	76	8.0	51/2	54	16	28	3/–8	290
Madagascar	10.6	44	16	2.8	25	15.6	25.8	63	6.1	44/3	50	22	23	2/–20	250
Malawi	7.4	53	21	3.2	22	11.4	21.1	157	7.0	47/3	46	12	51	1/–10	170
Mauritius	1.1	19	7	1.2	57	1.3	1.6	25.1	2.3	32/5	68	42	95	8/–18	1,070
Mozambique	14.7	45	19	2.6	27	21.1	35.7	147	6.1	46/3	46	13	13	3/–31	–
Reunion	0.6	25	6	1.9	36	0.7	0.8	12	2.7	33/5	70	60	–	–/–	–
Rwanda	6.8	53	16	3.7	19	11.0	21.8	122	8.5	48/2	48	6	60	1/280	290
Seychelles	0.1	27	7	1.9	36	0.1	0.1	17.9	3.5	37/6	70	37	–	–/–	–
Somalia	7.7	48	23	2.5	28	10.4	18.6	150	7.1	45/4	41	34	31	4/228	270
Tanzania	23.5	50	15	3.5	20	36.6	68.6	111	7.1	48/3	52	18	46	1/–24	270
Uganda	15.9	50	16	3.4	20	24.7	46.4	108	7.0	48/3	50	10	16	1/–64	–
Zambia	7.1	50	15	3.5	20	11.6	22.0	84	7.0	47/3	52	43	–	10/–11	400
Zimbabwe	9.4	47	12	3.5	20	15.1	29.4	76	6.5	50/3	57	24	52	13/–46	650
MIDDLE AFRICA	61	44	17	2.8	25	89	149	114	6.1	45/3	49	35	22	–/–	430
Angola	8.0	47	22	2.5	28	11.5	19.1	143	6.4	45/3	43	25	28	4/–25	–
Cameroon	10.3	43	16	2.7	26	14.5	23.5	103	5.9	43/4	51	42	26	13/600	810
Central African Republic	2.7	44	19	2.5	28	3.8	5.9	142	5.9	43/4	43	42	16	1/–26	270
Chad	4.6	43	23	2.0	35	6.3	9.5	143	5.9	44/2	43	27	26	1/12	–
Congo	2.1	47	13	3.4	21	3.2	5.9	112	6.8	46/3	55	48	29	3/–29	1,020
Equatorial Guinea	0.3	38	20	1.8	38	0.4	0.7	130	5.6	41/4	45	60	–	3/–24	–
Gabon	1.2	34	18	1.6	43	1.6	2.4	112	4.5	35/6	49	41	–	33/139	3,340
Sao Tome and Principe	0.1	36	9	2.7	25	0.1	0.3	61.7	5.4	41/6	65	35	–	–/–	310
Zaire	31.8	45	15	3.1	23	47.6	81.6	103	6.1	46/3	51	34	19	2/2	170
SOUTHERN AFRICA	39	34	10	2.4	29	52	76	76	4.8	39/4	55	53	–	88/20	1,880
Botswana	1.2	48	14	3.4	20	1.8	3.4	70	6.7	48/4	58	22	65	–/–	840
Lesotho	1.6	41	15	2.6	27	2.3	3.6	106	5.8	42/4	50	17	14	–/–	480
Namibia	1.3	44	11	3.3	21	2.0	3.7	110	6.4	45/3	49	51	–	–/–	–
South Africa	34.3	33	10	2.3	30	45.3	63.5	72	4.6	38/4	56	56	–	–/–	2,010
Swaziland	0.7	47	16	3.1	22	1.0	1.9	124	6.5	46/3	50	26	–	–/–	650
ASIA	2,930	28	10	1.9	37	3,598	4,584	86	3.7	34/5	61	32	–	20/55	970
ASIA (Excl. China)	1,868	33	11	2.2	32	2,398	3,223	95	4.4	38/4	58	32	50	–/–	1,400
WESTERN ASIA	121	37	10	2.7	26	171	265	83	5.5	41/4	62	55	70	–/–	3,130
Bahrain	0.4	32	5	2.8	25	0.7	1.0	32	4.6	41/2	67	81	–	388/402	9,560
Cyprus	0.7	20	9	1.1	63	0.8	0.9	12	2.5	25/11	74	53	–	56/56	3,790
Gaza	0.6	47	8	4.0	18	0.8	1.4	59	7.4	50/3	64	79	–	–/–	–
Iraq	17.0	46	13	3.3	21	26.5	43.8	80	7.2	49/4	62	68	73	15/–13	–
Israel	4.4	23	7	1.7	41	5.3	6.6	12.3	3.1	33/9	75	90	–	69/10	4,920
Jordan	3.7	45	8	3.7	19	5.7	9.9	54	7.4	51/3	67	60	89	29/274	1,560
Kuwait	1.9	34	3	3.2	22	2.7	4.0	19.0	4.4	40/1	72	80	89	195/37	14,270
Lebanon	3.3	30	8	2.2	32	4.1	5.8	52	3.8	38/5	65	80	92	25/26	–
Oman	1.3	47	14	3.3	21	2.0	3.2	117	7.1	44/3	52	9	–	391/8,434	7,080
Qatar	0.3	34	4	3.0	23	0.5	0.7	42	5.6	34/2	69	86	–	637/65	15,980
Saudi Arabia	14.8	39	7	3.1	22	23.2	43.2	79	6.9	37/2	63	72	93	104/667	8,860
Syria	11.3	47	9	3.8	18	17.8	29.0	59	7.2	49/4	63	49	71	27/141	1,630
Turkey	51.4	30	9	2.1	33	65.4	86.7	92	4.0	36/4	62	46	63	26/84	1,130
United Arab Emirates	1.4	30	4	2.6	27	1.9	2.6	38	5.9	30/1	68	81	93	223/210	19,120
Yemen, North	6.5	53	19	3.4	20	10.0	19.5	137	7.8	49/3	47	15	31	6/1,243	520
Yemen, South	2.4	47	17	3.0	23	3.6	6.3	135	7.3	48/3	48	40	50	25/241	540
SOUTHERN ASIA	1,112	36	13	2.3	30	1,448	1,988	110	4.8	40/4	54	25	50	–/–	250
Afghanistan	14.2	48	22	2.6	27	24.5	39.1	182	7.6	46/4	39	16	10	2/24	–
Bangladesh	107.1	44	17	2.7	26	144.9	201.5	140	6.2	44/4	50	13	42	2/–	150
Bhutan	1.5	38	18	2.0	34	1.9	2.5	142	5.5	40/3	46	5	17	z/–	160
India	800.3	33	12	2.1	33	1,013.3	1,310.0	101	4.3	38/4	55	25	54	7/71	250
Iran	50.4	45	13	3.2	21	73.9	130.6	113	6.3	44/3	57	51	–	39/40	–
Maldives	0.2	48	10	3.8	18	0.3	0.6	68	7.1	45/2	51	26	–	–/–	290
Nepal	17.8	42	17	2.5	28	24.4	37.4	112	6.1	41/3	52	7	15	z/14	160
Pakistan	104.6	44	15	2.9	24	145.3	242.2	125	6.6	45/4	50	28	39	6/30	380
Sri Lanka	16.3	25	7	1.8	38	19.4	24.2	29.8	3.7	35/4	70	22	36	4/–1	370
SOUTHEAST ASIA	421	32	9	2.3	30	544	720	74	4.2	39/3	60	25	43	–/–	690
Brunei	0.2	30	4	2.6	26	0.3	0.4	12	3.6	38/3	62	64	–	–/–	17,580
Burma	38.8	34	13	2.1	33	49.8	67.5	103	4.4	39/4	53	24	25	2/40	190
East Timor	0.7	48	23	2.5	28	0.9	1.1	183	5.8	35/3	40	12	–	–/–	–
Indonesia	174.9	31	10	2.1	33	219.8	284.2	88	4.2	40/3	58	22	33	8/126	530
Kampuchea	6.5	39	18	2.1	33	8.5	12.0	160	4.7	35/3	43	11	–	z/–92	–
Laos	3.8	41	16	2.5	28	5.0	6.9	122	5.8	43/3	50	16	21	1/–72	–
Malaysia	16.1	31	7	2.4	28	20.2	26.3	30	3.9	39/4	67	32	80	26/57	2,050
Philippines	61.5	35	7	2.8	25	85.5	115.4	50	4.7	41/3	65	40	54	9/17	600
Singapore	2.6	17	5	1.1	61	2.9	3.1	9.3	1.6	24/5	71	100	100	196/429	7,420
Thailand	53.6	29	8	2.1	33	65.5	81.6	57	3.5	36/3	63	17	65	12/125	830
Vietnam	62.2	34	8	2.6	27	86.0	121.2	55	4.5	40/4	63	19	–	4/–59	–
EAST ASIA	1,275	20	7	1.3	55	1,435	1,611	55	2.4	28/5	67	39	–	–/–	$1,490
China	1,062.0	21	8	1.3	53	1,200.0	1,361.0	61	2.4	28/5	66	32	–	19/87	310
Hong Kong	5.6	14	5	0.9	77	6.4	7.0	7.5	1.6	24/7	75	92	99	–/–	6,220
Japan	122.2	12	6	0.6	124	126.6	122.9	5.5	1.8	22/10	77	76	–	111/18	11,330
Korea, North	21.4	30	5	2.5	28	28.4	38.5	33	4.0	39/4	65	64	–	78/29	–
Korea, South	42.1	20	6	1.4	51	48.0	52.0	30	2.1	31/4	67	65	–	44/131	2,180
Macao	0.4	23	6	1.7	41	0.6	0.7	12	3.7	34/8	68	97	–	–/–	–
Mongolia	2.0	37	11	2.6	26	2.8	4.4	53	5.1	42/3	62	51	–	47/85	–
Taiwan	19.6	17	5	1.2	59	22.3	24.4	8.9	1.8	30/5	73	67	–	–/–	–
NORTH AMERICA	270	15	9	0.7	101	296	326	10	1.8	22/12	75	74	–	–/–	16,150
Canada	25.9	15	7	0.8	91	27.9	29.3	7.9	1.7	22/10	76	76	–	288/11	13,670
United States	243.8	16	9	0.7	102	268.0	296.6	10.5	1.8	22/12	75	74	–	280/–12	16,400
LATIN AMERICA	421	30	8	2.2	31	537	712	58	3.7	38/4	66	67	70	–/–	1,700
CENTRAL AMERICA	109	33	7	2.6	27	143	197	53	4.3	42/4	66	63	70	–/–	1,830
Belize	0.2	33	6	2.7	26	0.2	0.3	27	4.5	46/5	70	52	–	–/–	1,130
Costa Rica	2.8	31	4	2.7	25	3.7	5.0	18.9	3.5	35/4	74	48	93	13/22	1,290
El Salvador	5.3	36	10	2.6	27	7.2	10.3	65	4.7	46/4	66	43	51	5/–10	710
Guatemala	8.4	41	9	3.2	22	12.2	19.7	71	5.8	46/3	60	39	51	6/6	1,240
Honduras	4.7	39	8	3.1	22	7.0	12.0	69	5.6	47/3	63	40	69	7/–3	730
Mexico	81.9	31	7	2.5	28	104.5	137.8	50	4.0	42/4	67	70	74	50/65	2,080
Nicaragua	3.5	43	9	3.4	20	5.1	7.7	69	5.7	47/3	61	53	53	8/–11	850
Panama	2.3	27	5	2.2	32	2.9	3.7	25	3.3	38/4	72	51	62	22/–6	2,020
CARIBBEAN	32	26	8	1.8	38	38	48	55	3.1	34/7	67	54	–	–/–	–
Antigua and Barbuda	0.1	15	5	1.0	71	0.1	0.1	10	1.7	27/6	72	34	–	–/–	2,030
Bahamas	0.2	23	6	1.8	39	0.3	0.4	26.7	2.9	38/4	70	75	–	–/–	7,150
Barbados	0.3	17	8	0.9	78	0.4	0.5	13.1	2.0	30/11	73	32	–	36/42	4,680
Cuba	10.3	18	6	1.2	58	11.4	12.5	16.5	1.8	27/8	73	71	–	43/47	–
Dominica	0.1	22	5	1.7	41	0.1	0.2	13	3.0	40/7	75	–	–	–/–	1,160
Dominican Republic	6.5	33	8	2.5	28	8.4	11.5	70	4.0	41/3	63	52	60	14/55	810
Grenada	0.1	26	7	1.9	37	0.1	0.1	22	3.1	39/7	72	–	–	–/–	970
Guadeloupe	0.3	20	7	1.3	52	0.4	0.5	14	2.4	31/7	72	46	–	–/–	–
Haiti	6.2	36	13	2.3	30	7.7	10.1	107	4.9	39/6	53	26	33	2/43	350
Jamaica	2.5	26	5	2.0	34	3.0	4.1	20	3.1	36/7	73	54	86	35/–2	940
Martinique	0.3	17	7	1.1	64	0.4	0.4	13	2.0	28/8	74	71	–	–/–	–
Netherlands Antilles	0.2	19	6	1.4	51	0.2	0.2	10	2.1	30/7	75	50	–	–/–	6,110
Puerto Rico	3.3	19	7	1.3	54	3.7	4.1	15.7	2.2	30/9	75	67	–	–/–	4,850
St. Kitts-Nevis	0.05	26	11	1.6	45	0.1	0.1	27.8	2.8	37/9	67	45	–	–/–	1,520
Saint Lucia	0.1	30	6	2.5	28	0.2	0.2	17.6	4.1	44/6	71	40	–	–/–	1,210
St. Vincent and the Grenadines	0.1	26	7	2.0	35	0.1	0.2	26.5	3.2	43/6	69	–	–	–/–	840
Trinidad and Tobago	1.3	27	7	2.0	34	1.6	2.2	20	3.2	34/6	70	34	99	148/15	6,010
TROPICAL SOUTH AMERICA	232	30	8	2.2	31	300	401	64	3.7	37/4	65	68	72	–/–	1,590
Bolivia	6.5	40	14	2.6	27	9.2	13.2	127	5.1	43/3	53	48	43	10/47	470
Brazil	141.5	29	8	2.1	33	179.5	233.8	63	3.5	36/4	65	71	76	19/51	1,640
Colombia	29.9	28	7	2.1	33	38.0	49.3	48	3.1	36/3	65	65	81	25/41	1,320
Ecuador	10.0	35	8	2.8	25	13.6	19.7	66	4.7	42/4	65	51	59	20/140	1,160
Guyana	0.8	26	6	2.0	35	0.8	1.1	36	3.0	38/4	68	32	80	18/–41	570
Paraguay	4.3	36	7	2.9	24	6.0	8.8	45	4.9	41/4	65	43	25	7/54	940
Peru	20.7	35	10	2.5	28	28.0	38.6	94	4.8	41/4	60	69	52	19/5	960
Suriname	0.4	27	7	2.1	33	0.5	0.6	33	3.3	37/4	69	66	–	49/–28	2,570
Venezuela	18.3	32	6	2.7	26	24.7	35.4	38	3.9	40/3	69	76	–	96/46	3,110
TEMPERATE SOUTH AMERICA	47	23	8	1.5	46	55	67	31	3.0	31/8	69	84	70	–/–	1,920
Argentina	31.5	24	8	1.6	44	37.2	45.6	35.3	3.3	31/9	70	84	63	50/9	2,130
Chile	12.4	22	6	1.6	44	14.8	17.7	19.5	2.4	32/6	68	83	85	27/–20	1,440
Uruguay	3.1	18	10	0.8	90	3.2	3.5	30.4	2.5	27/11	71	85	79	18/–29	1,660
EUROPE	495	13	10	0.3	272	507	502	13	1.8	21/13	74	73	–	124/13	7,280
NORTHERN EUROPE	84	13	11	0.2	402	85	84	9	1.8	20/15	75	85	–	–/–	9,200
Denmark	5.1	11	11	–0.1	(–)	5.0	4.7	7.9	1.4	18/15	75	84	–	133/–16	11,240
Finland	4.9	13	10	0.3	224	5.0	4.9	6.5	1.7	19/13	75	60	–	146/23	10,870
Iceland	0.2	16	7	0.9	76	0.3	0.3	5.7	1.9	26/10	77	89	–	150/22	10,720
Ireland	3.5	18	9	0.8	85	4.2	5.0	8.9	2.5	30/11	73	56	–	96/27	4,840
Norway	4.2	12	11	0.2	408	4.3	4.3	8.3	1.7	20/16	76	70	–	193/44	13,890
Sweden	8.4	12	11	0.1	636	8.3	8.0	6.8	1.7	18/17	77	83	–	137/–19	11,890
United Kingdom	56.8	13	12	0.2	462	57.3	56.6	9.4	1.8	19/15	74	90	–	138/–3	8,390
WESTERN EUROPE	156	12	11	0.1	620	155	146	9	1.5	18/14	75	79	–	–/–	10,270
Austria	7.6	12	12	0.0	(–)	7.5	7.0	11.2	1.5	18/14	74	55	–	117/22	9,150
Belgium	9.9	12	11	0.0	1,732	9.8	9.0	9.4	1.5	19/14	73	95	–	145/–12	8,450
France	55.6	14	10	0.4	178	57.3	58.4	8.1	1.8	21/13	75	73	–	114/1	9,550
Germany, West	61.0	10	12	–0.2	(–)	58.4	50.5	9.5	1.3	15/15	74	85	–	163/8	10,940
Luxembourg	0.4	11	11	0.0	3,465	0.4	0.3	9.0	1.4	17/13	73	78	–	328/–34	13,380
Netherlands	14.6	12	9	0.4	182	15.0	14.6	8.0	1.5	20/12	76	89	–	172/28	9,180
Switzerland	6.6	12	9	0.2	301	6.5	6.1	6.9	1.5	18/14	76	57	–	108/14	16,380
EASTERN EUROPE	113	16	12	0.4	174	118	125	18	2.1	24/11	71	63	–	–/–	–
Bulgaria	9.0	13	12	0.1	578	9.4	9.5	15.8	2.0	22/11	72	66	–	166/50	–
Czechoslovakia	15.6	15	12	0.3	257	16.2	16.8	14.0	2.1	24/11	71	74	–	183/16	–
Germany, East	16.7	14	14	0.0	3,465	16.8	16.8	9.6	1.8	19/14	73	77	–	223/24	–
Hungary	10.6	12	14	–0.2	(–)	10.7	10.4	20.4	1.8	22/12	70	56	–	112/36	1,940
Poland	37.8	18	10	0.8	88	40.8	44.6	18.5	2.3	25/9	71	60	–	133/27	2,120
Romania	22.9	16	11	0.5	141	24.5	26.6	25.6	2.3	25/9	71	53	–	134/52	–
SOUTHERN EUROPE	144	12	9	0.3	201	149	148	17	1.7	23/12	74	69	–	–/–	4,630
Albania	3.1	26	6	2.0	34	3.8	4.6	43	3.3	35/5	71	34	–	39/117	–
Greece	10.0	12	9	0.2	289	10.2	10.1	14.0	1.8	22/13	74	70	–	66/103	3,550
Italy	57.4	10	10	0.1	1,155	57.5	53.5	10.9	1.4	21/13	75	72	–	90/16	6,520
Malta	0.4	16	8	0.8	89	0.4	0.5	11.7	2.0	24/9	73	85	–	45/62	3,300
Portugal	10.3	12	10	0.3	257	10.9	11.4	16.7	1.9	24/12	73	30	–	38/74	1,970
Spain	39.0	13	8	0.5	147	41.0	41.6	10.5	1.8	23/13	76	91	–	65/50	4,360
Yugoslavia	23.4	16	9	0.7	102	25.0	25.9	28.8	2.1	25/9	71	46	–	73/77	2,070
USSR	284	19	11	0.9	79	312	355	26	2.5	26/9	69	65	–	176/45	7,400
OCEANIA	25	20	8	1.2	59	29	35	36	2

Country	Area (Sq. Miles)	Land Use (percent) Cultivated	Pastureland	Forested
AFGHANISTAN	250,000	12	46	3
ALBANIA	11,100	25	14	36
ALGERIA	919,591	3	13	2
ANGOLA	481,351	3	23	43
ANTIGUA & BARBUDA	170	18	7	16
ARGENTINA	1,068,297	13	52	22
AUSTRALIA	2,967,896	6	57	14
AUSTRIA	32,375	18	24	38
BAHAMAS	5,382	1	0	23
BAHRAIN	239	3	6	0
BANGLADESH	55,598	63	4	15
BARBADOS	166	77	9	0
BELGIUM	11,749	25	20	21
BELIZE	8,865	2	2	44
BENIN	43,483	16	4	33
BHUTAN	18,147	2	5	70
BOLIVIA	424,162	3	24	51
BOTSWANA	231,803	2	73	2
BRAZIL	3,286,475	9	19	66
BRUNEI	2,228	1	1	49
BULGARIA	42,822	37	18	35
BURKINA FASO	105,869	10	36	25
BURMA	261,216	15	1	48
BURUNDI	10,745	47	33	2
CAMEROON	183,568	15	17	53
CANADA	3,851,792	5	2	33
CAPE VERDE	1,556	10	6	0
CENTRAL AFRICAN REP.	240,533	3	5	58
CHAD	495,753	2	35	10
CHILE	292,259	7	16	20
CHINA	3,705,390	11	30	14
COLOMBIA	439,734	5	26	44
COMOROS	694	43	7	16
CONGO	132,046	2	29	62
COSTA RICA	19,575	13	43	31
COTE D'IVOIRE	124,502	12	9	24
CUBA	42,803	29	22	17
CYPRUS	3,571	47	10	18
CZECHOSLOVAKIA	49,371	40	13	36
DENMARK	16,629	61	5	11
DJIBOUTI	8,494	0	9	0
DOMINICA	290	23	3	41
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC	18,815	30	43	

Country	Area (Sq. Miles)	Land Use (percent) Cultivated	Pastureland	Forested
EAST TIMOR	5,741	5	10	74
ECUADOR	109,483	9	17	50
EGYPT	386,660	2	0	0
EL SALVADOR	8,124	34	29	6
EQUATORIAL GUINEA	10,830	8	4	46
ETHIOPIA	471,776	11	37	23
FIJI	7,054	13	3	65
FINLAND	130,127	7	0	69
FRANCE	211,208	34	23	27
FRENCH POLYNESIA	1,544	19	5	29
GABON	103,347	2	18	75
GAMBIA	4,363	15	8	17
GERMANY, EAST	41,826	46	12	27
GERMANY, WEST	95,977	30	19	29
GHANA	92,100	12	14	36
GREECE	50,942	30	40	20
GRENADA	131	41	3	9
GUADELOUPE	687	23	12	39
GUATEMALA	42,042	17	12	39
GUINEA	94,927	6	12	42
GUINEA-BISSAU	13,946	8	35	30
GUYANA	83,000	2	6	76
HAITI	10,714	33	18	2
HONDURAS	43,278	16	30	33
HONG KONG	402	8	1	12
HUNGARY	35,919	57	13	18
ICELAND	39,768	0	22	1
INDIA	1,269,340	51	4	21
INDONESIA	735,355	11	6	64
IRAN	636,293	9	27	11
IRAQ	167,923	13	9	4
IRELAND	27,135	14	69	5
ISRAEL	8,019	21	39	6
ITALY	116,305	41	16	21
JAMAICA	4,243	24	18	17
JAPAN	143,749	13	2	68
JORDAN	37,737	4	1	0
KAMPUCHEA	69,900	17	3	74
KENYA	224,961	4	6	6
KOREA, NORTH	46,541	19	0	74
KOREA, SOUTH	38,023	22	1	66
KUWAIT	6,880	0	8	0
LAOS	91,429	4	3	56

Country	Area (Sq. Miles)	Land Use (percent) Cultivated	Pastureland	Forested
LEBANON	4,015	29	1	8
LESOTHO	11,718	10	66	0
LIBERIA	43,000	3	2	34
LIBYA	679,359	1	8	0
LUXEMBOURG	992	44	27	33
MACAO	8	0	0	0
MADAGASCAR	226,656	5	58	26
MALAWI	45,745	20	16	39
MALAYSIA	127,317	13	0	62
MALDIVES	116	10	3	3
MALI	478,764	2	24	7
MALTA	124	41	0	0
MARTINIQUE	425	17	30	25
MAURITANIA	397,954	0	38	15
MAURITIUS	718	58	4	31
MEXICO	761,602	13	38	23
MONGOLIA	604,247	1	79	10
MOROCCO	172,413	19	28	12
MOZAMBIQUE	309,494	4	55	19
NAMIBIA	318,259	1	64	22
NEPAL	54,363	16	13	16
NETHERLANDS	14,405	23	31	8
NETHERLANDS ANTILLES	302	8	0	0
NEW CALEDONIA	7,359	1	14	37
NEW ZEALAND	103,737	2	52	39
NICARAGUA	50,193	10	39	31
NIGER	489,189	3	7	2
NIGERIA	356,668	34	23	16
NORWAY	125,181	3	0	26
OMAN	82,031	0	5	0
PAKISTAN	310,402	25	6	4
PANAMA	29,761	7	15	53
PAPUA-NEW GUINEA	178,259	1	0	83
PARAGUAY	157,046	5	38	50
PERU	496,224	3	21	54
PHILIPPINES	115,830	38	4	40
POLAND	120,726	47	13	28
PORTUGAL	35,552	38	6	40
PUERTO RICO	3,436	15	37	20
QATAR	4,247	0	5	0
REUNION	969	22	4	35
ROMANIA	91,699	45	19	27
RWANDA	10,170	38	16	19

Country	Area (Sq. Miles)	Land Use (percent) Cultivated	Pastureland	Forested
ST. KITTS-NEVIS	139	39	3	17
SAINT LUCIA	239	27	5	13
ST. VINCENT & THE GREN.	150	50	6	41
SAO TOME & PRINCIPE	371	38	1	0
SAUDI ARABIA	829,996	1	40	1
SENEGAL	75,749	27	29	30
SEYCHELLES	108	25	0	18
SIERRA LEONE	27,699	25	31	29
SINGAPORE	224	10	0	5
SOLOMON ISLANDS	10,985	2	1	90
SOMALIA	246,201	2	45	14
SOUTH AFRICA	471,444	11	65	3
SPAIN	194,896	41	21	31
SRI LANKA	25,332	34	7	36
SUDAN	967,494	5	22	19
SURINAME	63,039	0	0	96
SWAZILAND	6,703	8	66	6
SWEDEN	173,730	7	1	59
SWITZERLAND	15,942	10	39	25
SYRIA	71,498	31	45	3
TAIWAN	12,456	24	6	55
TANZANIA	364,900	5	37	45
THAILAND	198,456	38	1	30
TOGO	21,927	25	4	26
TRINIDAD & TOBAGO	1,981	31	2	44
TUNISIA	63,170	29	18	3
TURKEY	301,382	35	12	26
UGANDA	91,135	28	21	25
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES	32,278	0	2	0
UNITED KINGDOM	94,525	29	48	9
UNITED STATES	3,615,104	20	26	28
URUGUAY	68,039	8	77	4
USSR	8,649,498	10	17	42
VANUATU	5,699	6	2	1
VENEZUELA	352,143	4	19	35
VIETNAM	127,243	20	1	40
WESTERN SAMOA	1,104	43	0	47
YEMEN, NORTH	75,290	7	36	8
YEMEN, SOUTH	128,560	1	27	5
YUGOSLAVIA	98,764	30	25	36
ZAIRE	905,564	3	4	75
ZAMBIA	290,583	7	47	39
ZIMBABWE	150,803	7	12	61

Source: FAO and U.S. Department of State
"Other" land (water, urban, and wasteland) category not shown
1 sq. mi. = 2.59 sq. km.
0 = less than 1 percent

countries, area, land use

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